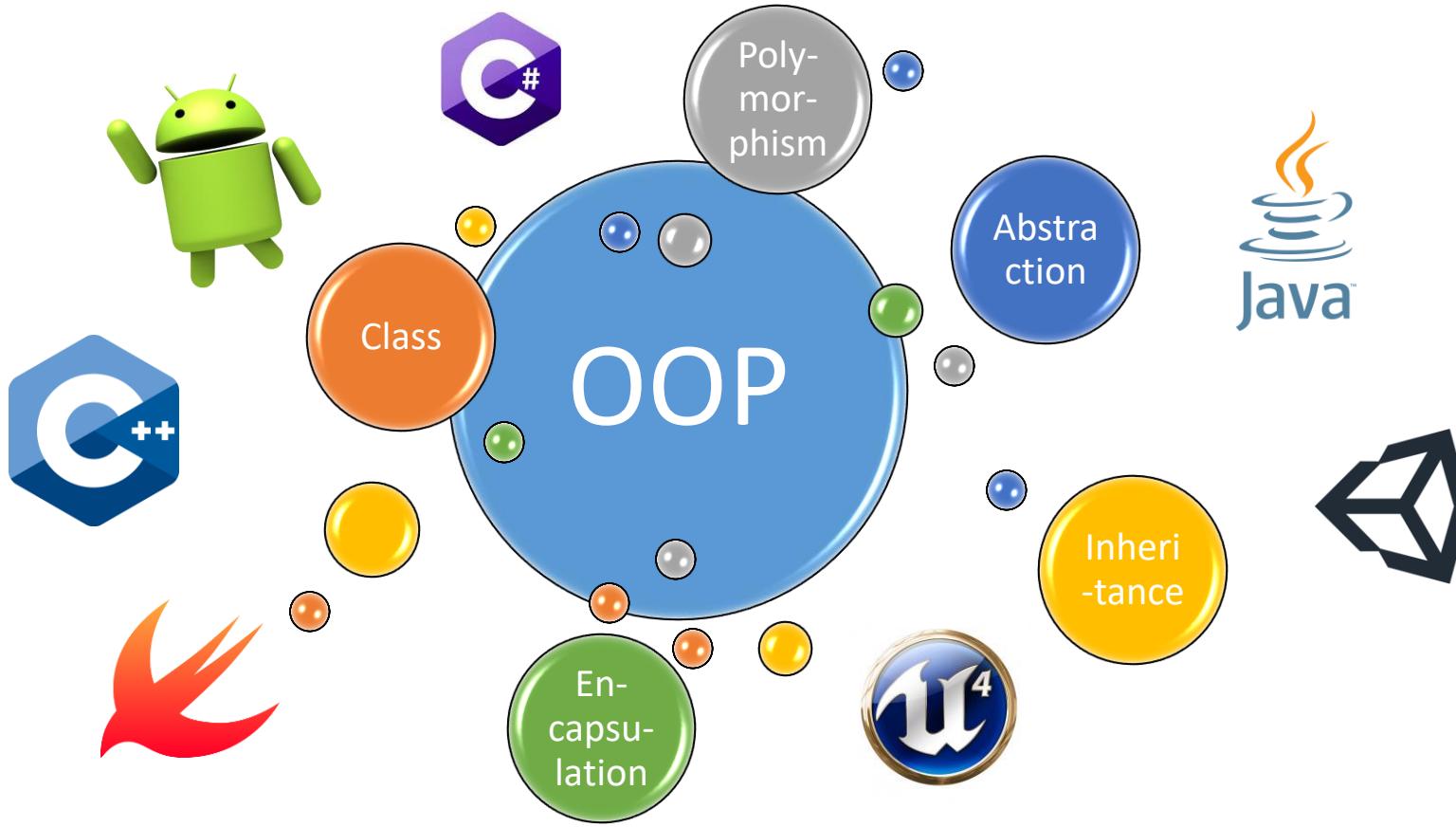




Java Swing



Kuan-Ting Lai
2020/3/21

Java Swing

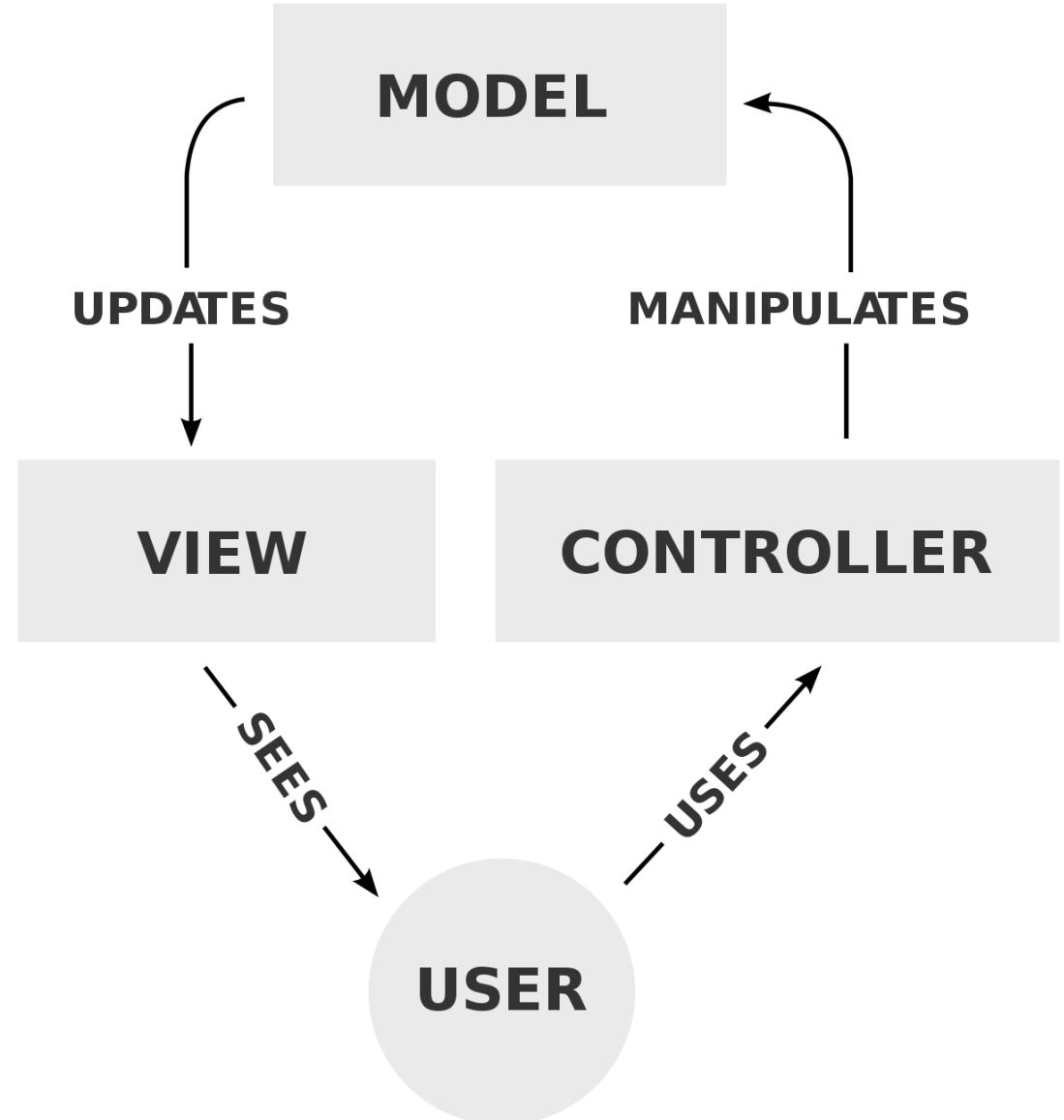
- Used to create **Window-based** applications
- Part of Java Foundation Classes (JFC)
- Platform-independent
- Follow MVC design pattern

<https://www.javatpoint.com/java-swing>

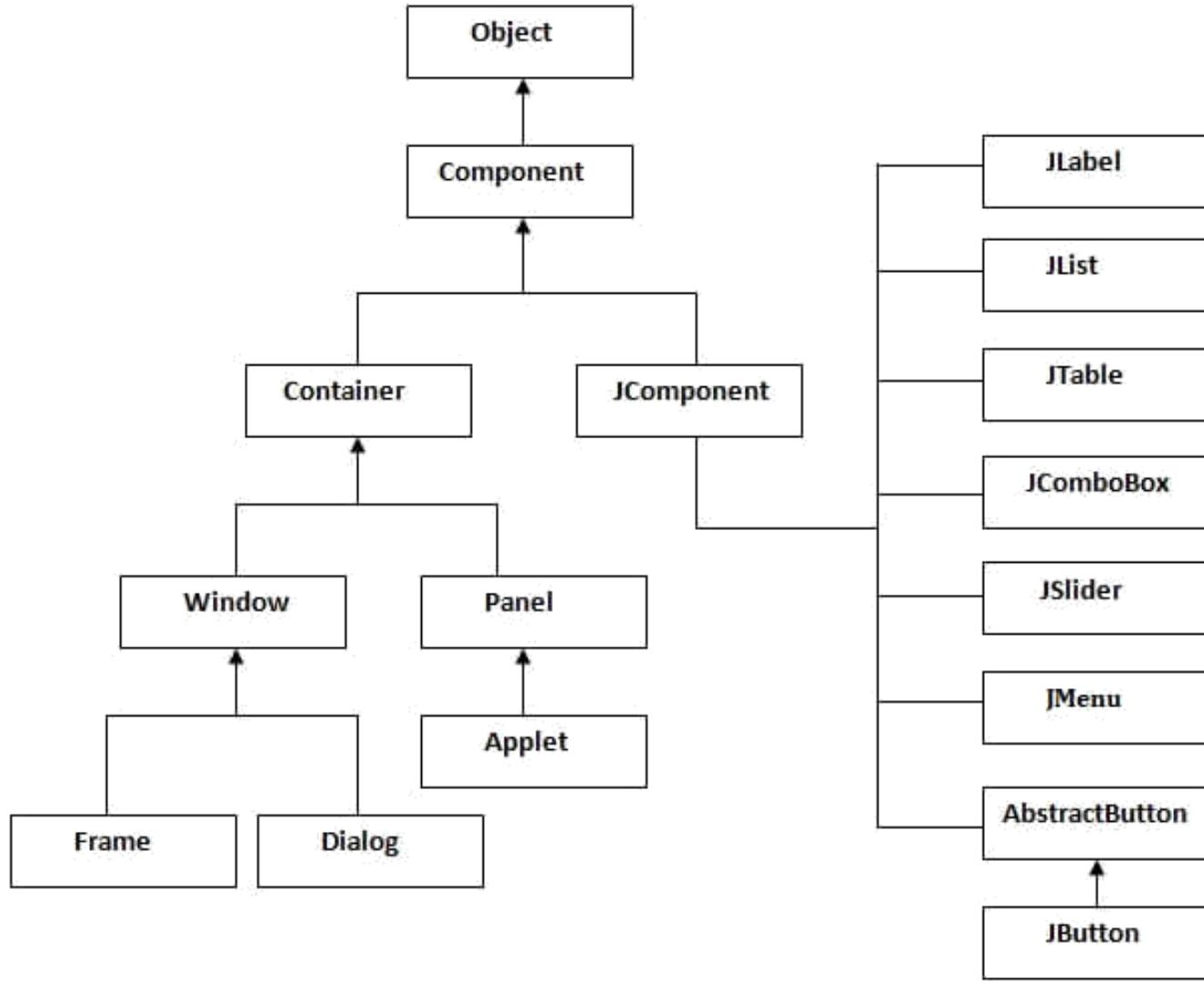


Model-View-Controller (MVC)

- Most common GUI design pattern
- Model
 - Manage the data.
- View
 - Visualize the data, e.g. chart, diagram or table
- Controller
 - Accepts input and converts it to commands for the model or view



Hierarchy of Java Swing Classes



Common Methods

Method	Description
<code>public void add(Component c)</code>	Add a component on another component.
<code>public void setSize(int width, int height)</code>	Set size of the component.
<code>public void setLayout(LayoutManager m)</code>	Set the layout manager for the component.
<code>public void setVisible(boolean b)</code>	Set the visibility of the component. It is by default false.



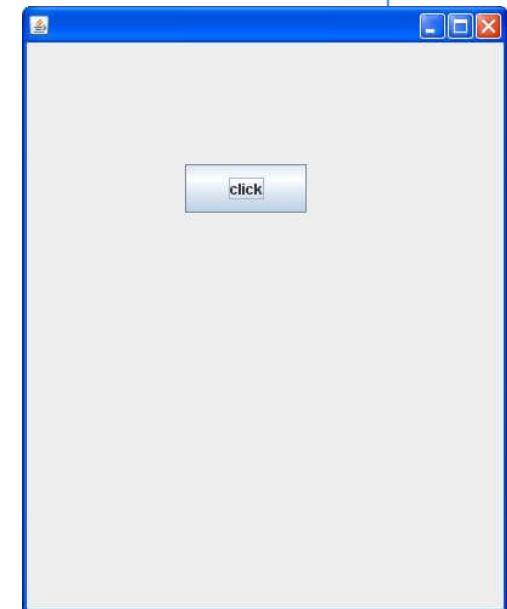
Creating a Java Swing Frame

1. By creating the object of Frame class (association)
2. By extending Frame class (inheritance)



Hello Swing

```
import javax.swing.*;  
  
public class HelloSwing  
{  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        JFrame f=new JFrame(); //creating instance of JFrame  
  
        JButton b=new JButton("click"); //creating instance of JButton  
        b.setBounds(130,100,100, 40); //x axis, y axis, width, height  
  
        f.add(b); //adding button in JFrame  
  
        f.setSize(400,500); //400 width and 500 height  
        f.setLayout(null); //using no layout managers  
        f.setVisible(true); //making the frame visible  
    }  
}
```



Using Swing by Inheritance

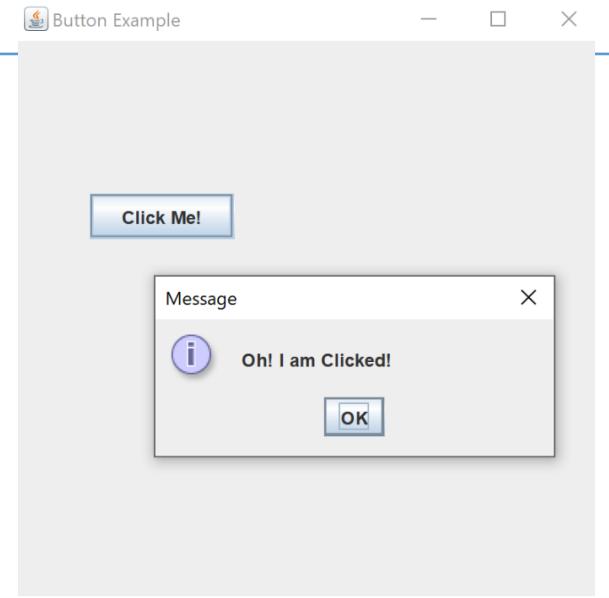
```
import javax.swing.*;  
  
public class HelloSwing2 extends JFrame { //inheriting JFrame  
  
    HelloSwing2() {  
        JButton b=new JButton("click");//create button  
        b.setBounds(130,100,100, 40);  
  
        add(b);//adding button on frame  
        setSize(400,500);  
        setLayout(null);  
        setVisible(true);  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        new HelloSwing2();  
    }  
}
```



JButton Example with ActionListener

```
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class ButtonExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        JFrame f=new JFrame("Button Example");
        JButton b=new JButton("Click Me!");
        b.setBounds(50,100,95,30);

        b.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {
            public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
                JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Oh! I am Clicked!");
            }
        });
        f.add(b);
        f.setSize(400,400);
        f.setLayout(null);
        f.setVisible(true);
    }
}
```

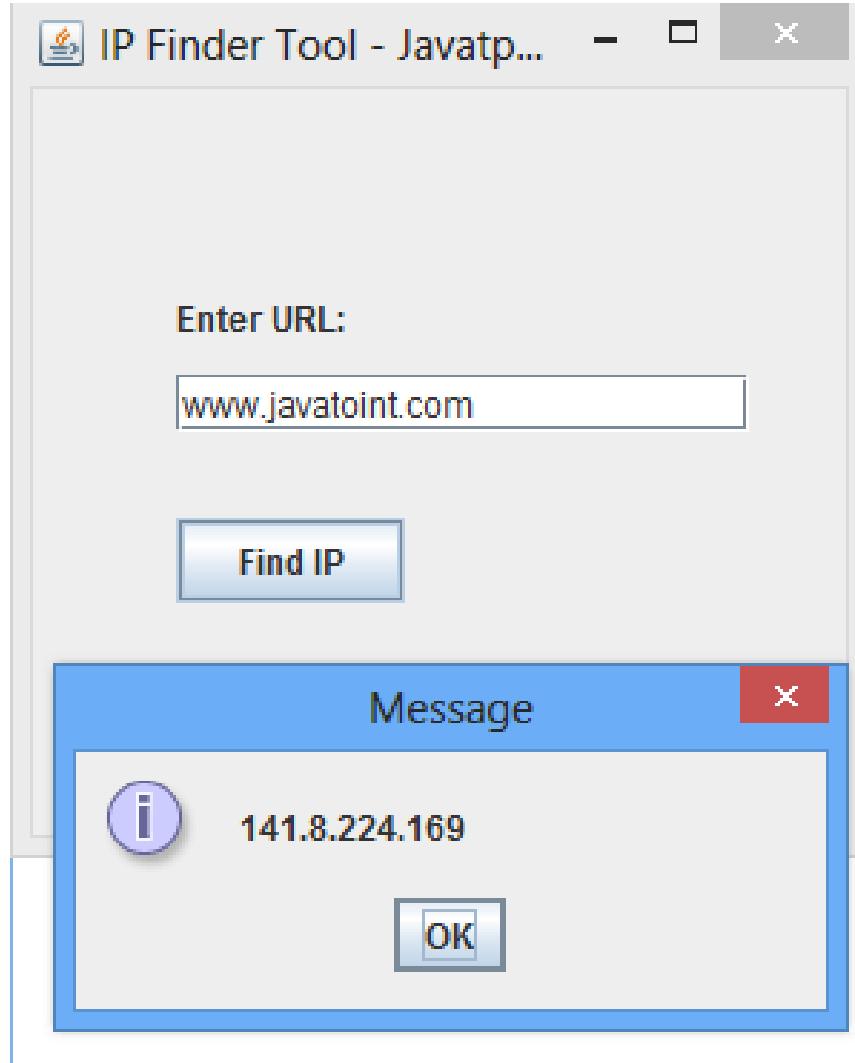


JButton Example Implements ActionListener

```
import java.awt.event.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class ButtonExample2 extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
    ButtonExample2() {
        JButton b=new JButton("Click Me!");
        b.setBounds(50,100,95,30);
        b.addActionListener(this);
        add(b);
        setSize(400,400);
        setLayout(null);
        setVisible(true);
    }
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Oh! I am Clicked!");
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        new ButtonExample2();
    }
}
```



IP Finder



```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.net.*;
public class IPFinder extends JFrame implements ActionListener {
    JLabel l;
    JTextField tf;
    JButton b;
    IPFinder(){
        super("IP Finder Tool - Javatpoint");
        l=new JLabel("Enter URL:");
        l.setBounds(50,70,150,20);
        tf=new JTextField();
        tf.setBounds(50,100,200,20);
        b=new JButton("Find IP");
        b.setBounds(50,150,80,30);
        b.addActionListener(this);
        add(l);
        add(tf);
        add(b);
        setSize(300,300);
        setLayout(null);
        setVisible(true);
    }
    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
        String url=tf.getText();
        try {
            InetAddress ia=InetAddress.getByName(url);
            String ip=ia.getHostAddress();
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(this,ip);
        } catch (UnknownHostException e1) {
            JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(this,e1.toString());
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        new IPFinder();
    }
}
```

Make an Executable Jar File

- The **jar (Java Archive)** provides the facility to create the executable file
 - `java -jar myjar.jar`
- Create a manifest file “myfile.mf”

myfile.mf

Main-Class: HelloSwing

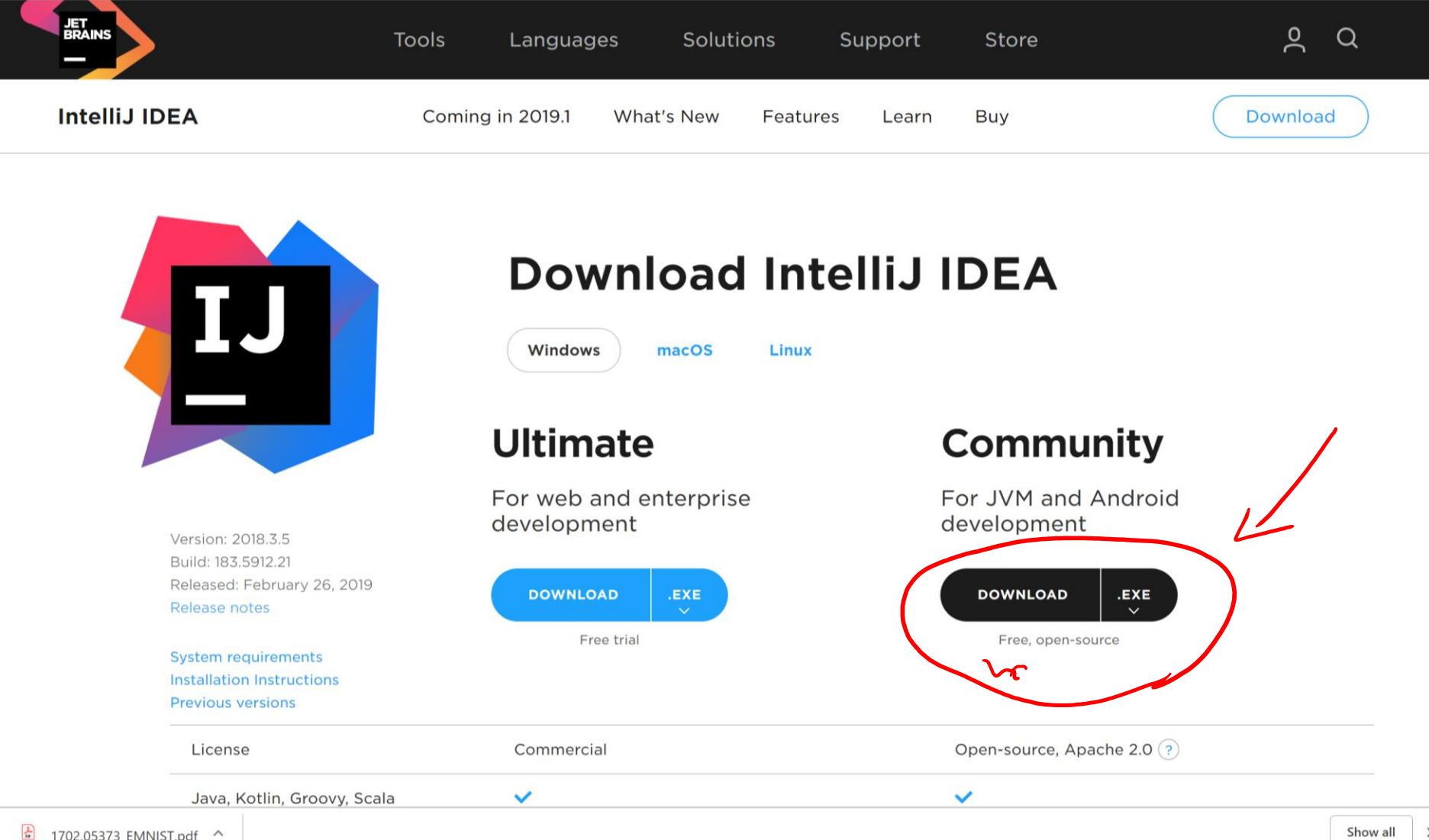


Creating Executable Jar File using Jar Tool

- The jar tool provides many switches:
 - **-c** creates new archive file
 - **-v** verbose output.
 - **-m** includes manifest information from the given mf file.
 - **-f** specifies the archive file name
 - **-x** extracts files from the archive file
- Create a jar file:
`jar -cvmf myfile.mf myjar.jar First.class`
- Run a jar file
`java -jar myjar.jar`



IntelliJ



The screenshot shows the official IntelliJ IDEA download page. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the Jet Brains logo, a search bar, and links for Tools, Languages, Solutions, Support, and Store. Below the navigation bar, the page title "IntelliJ IDEA" is displayed, along with "Coming in 2019.1", "What's New", "Features", "Learn", and "Buy" buttons. A prominent "Download" button is located on the right.

Ultimate
For web and enterprise development

Community
For JVM and Android development

A red arrow points from the "Community" section towards the "Ultimate" section, highlighting the difference between the two editions.

Ultimate

- Version: 2018.3.5
- Build: 183.5912.21
- Released: February 26, 2019
- [Release notes](#)
- [System requirements](#)
- [Installation Instructions](#)
- [Previous versions](#)

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Free trial

Community

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Free, open-source

Open-source, Apache 2.0 [?](#)

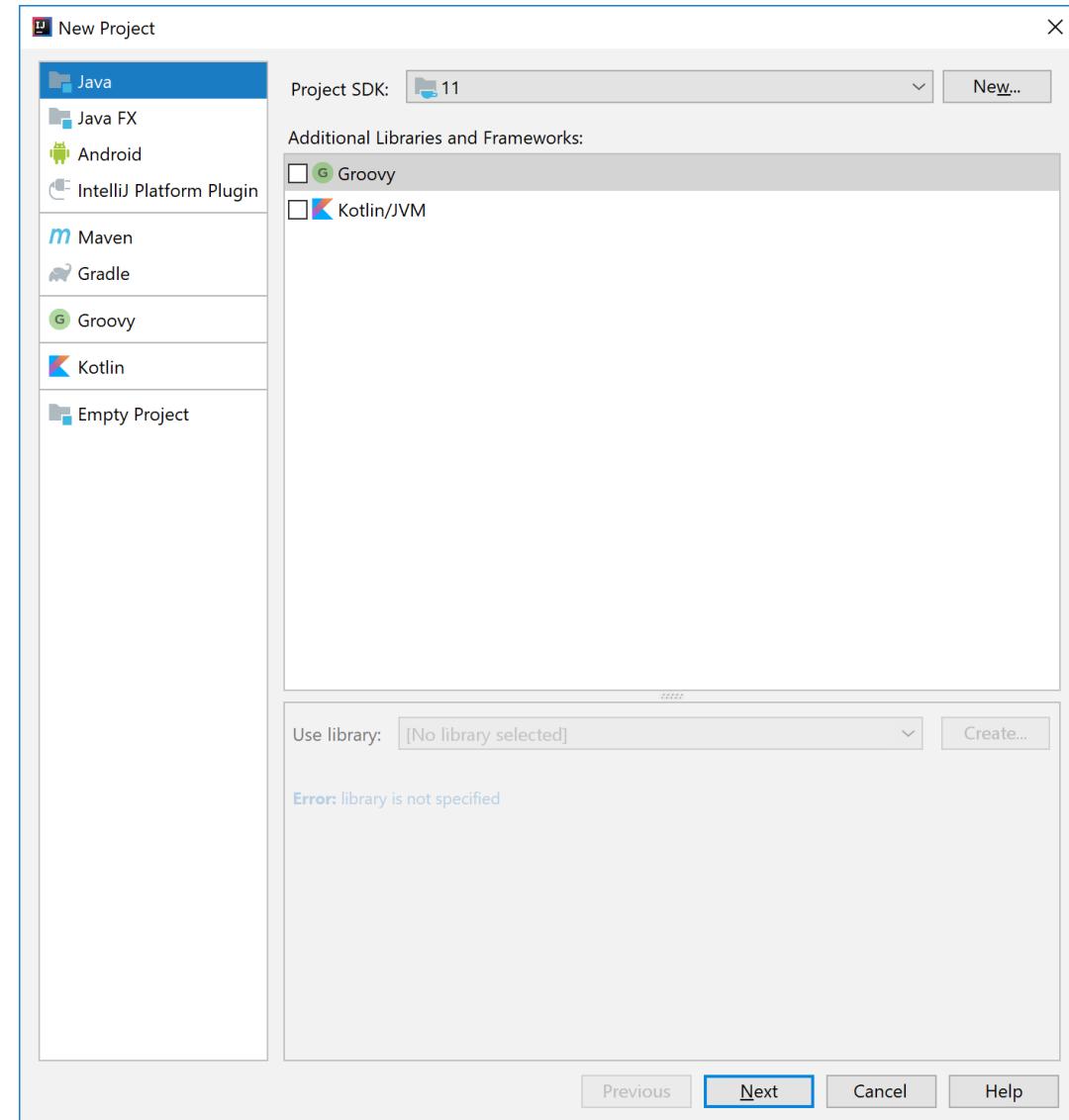
Java, Kotlin, Groovy, Scala  

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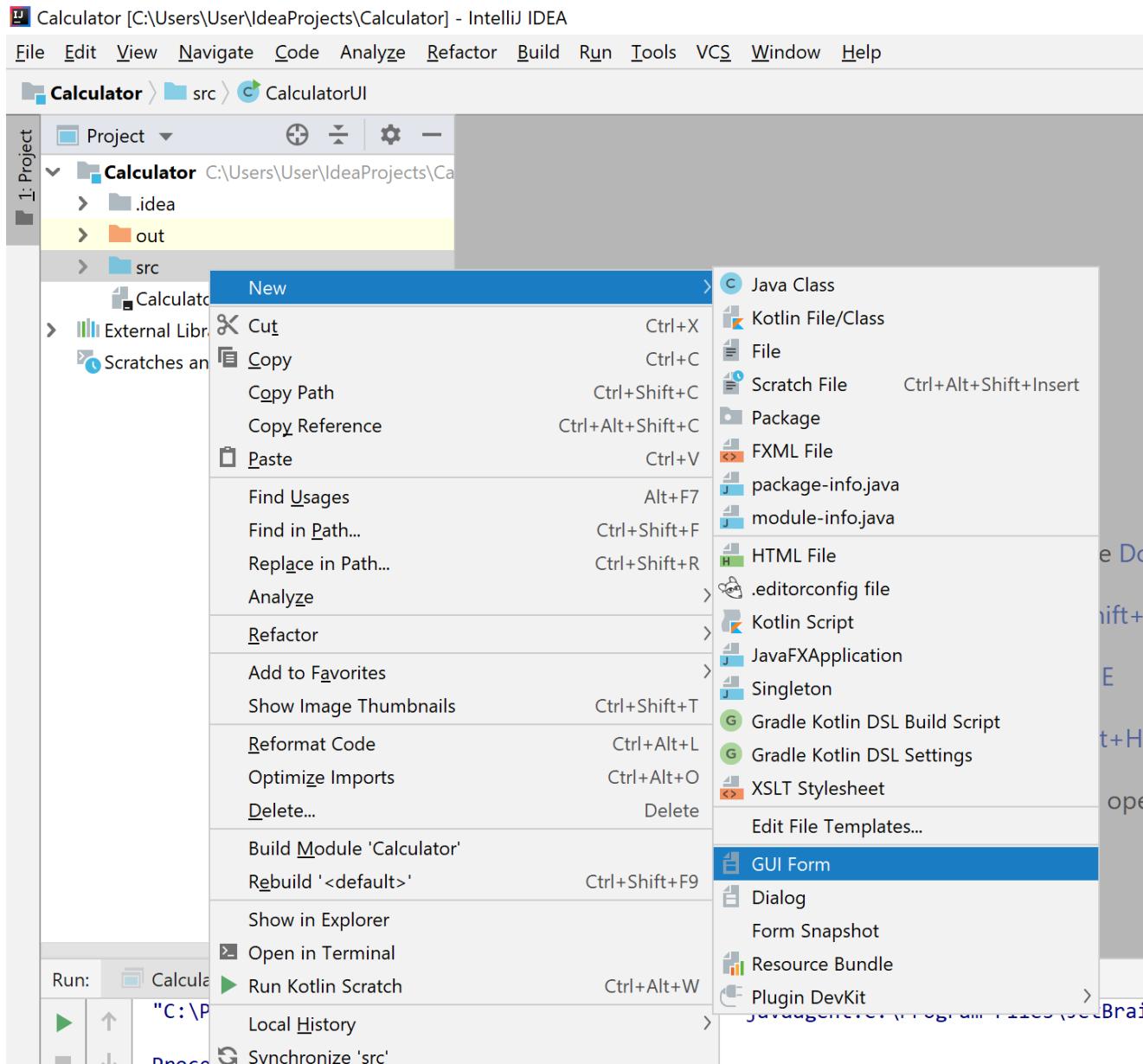
14 

Create a Java Project

- Press Next
- Don't select any template

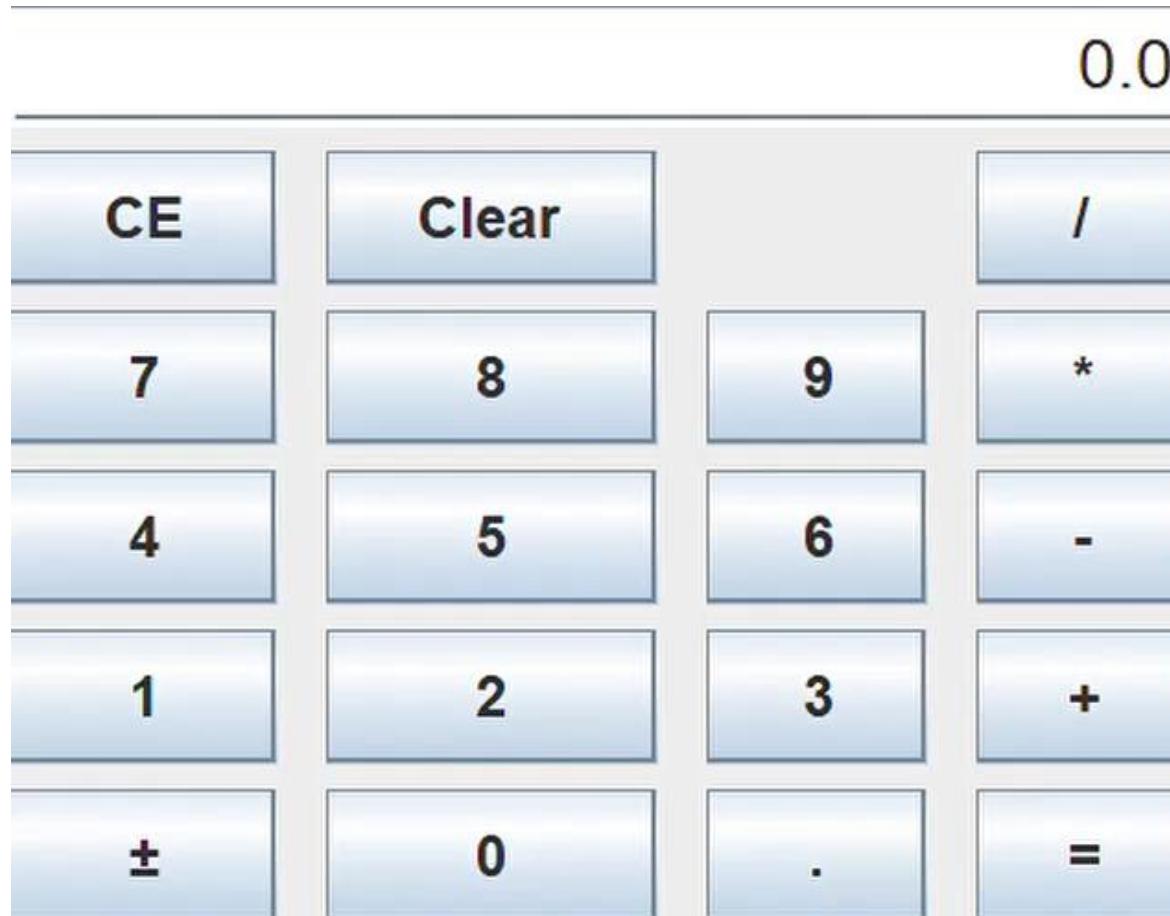


Add GUI Form



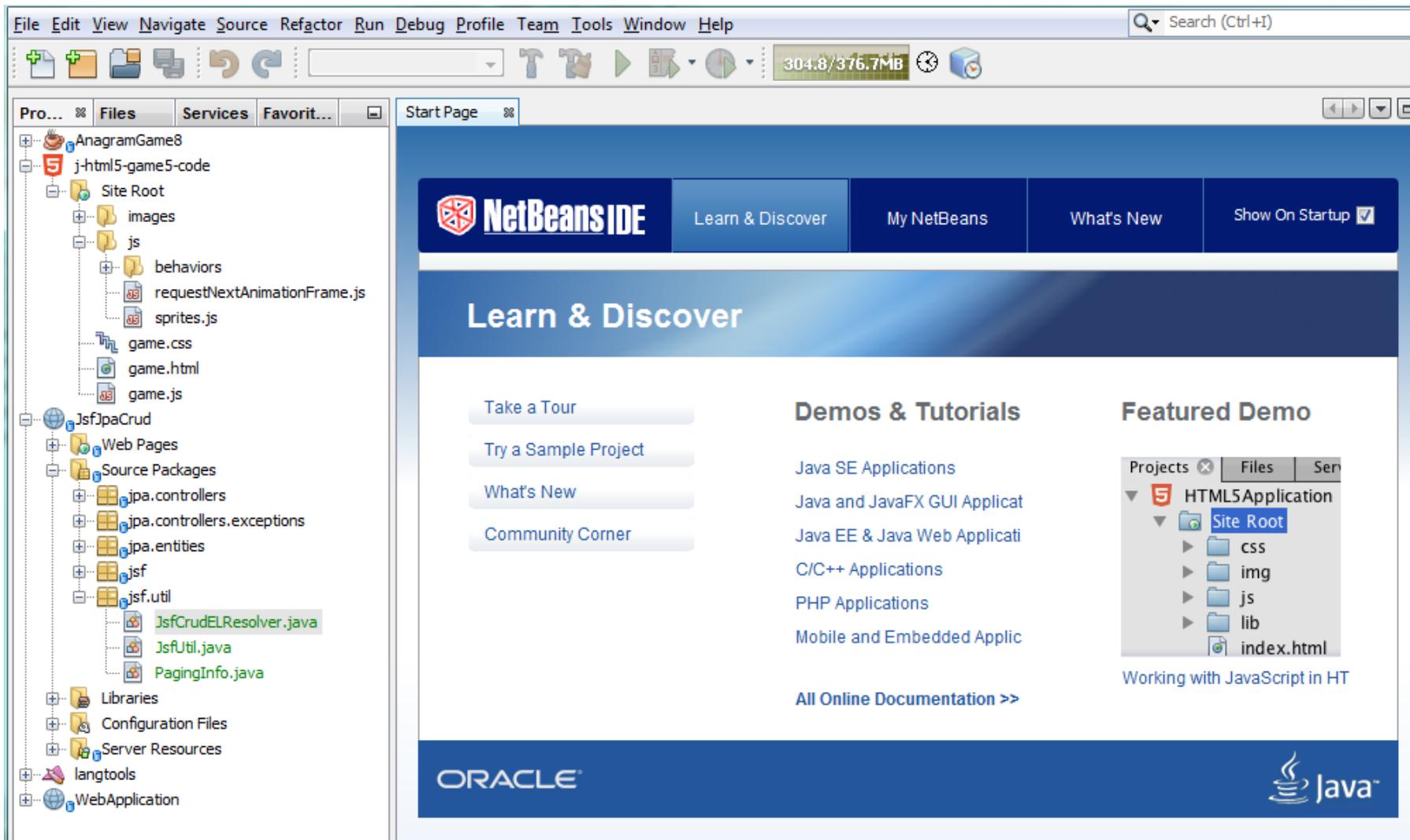
Homework: Build a Calculator using IntelliJ

- http://www.aiotlab.org/teaching/oop/homework/oop_hw2.pdf



NetBeans

- <https://netbeans.org/features/ide/>



Install NetBeans

- Download Java SDK 1.8 from Oracle website
- Unzip and add Java SDK 1.8 to system path
- Download NetBeans 8.0
- Unzip and run it!



-  New Project... Ctrl+Shift+N
-  New File... Ctrl+N
-  Open Project... Ctrl+Shift+O
- Open Recent Project
-  Close Project
-  Close Other Projects
-  Close All Projects
-  Open File...
-  Open Recent File
-  Project Groups...
-  Project Properties
-  Import Project
-  Export Project
-  Save Ctrl+S
-  Save As...
-  Save All Ctrl+Shift+S
-  Page Setup...
-  Print... Ctrl+Alt+Shift+P
-  Print to HTML...
-  Exit



Start Page TestApp1.java ContactEditUI.java ContactEditor1.java EditorUI.java Brick.java



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-  ContactEditor

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Add support for other languages and technologies by installing plugins from the NetBeans Update Center.

Activate Features

NetBeans turns on functionality as you use it. Start creating and opening projects and the IDE will just activate the features you need, making your experience quicker and cleaner. Alternatively, you can activate features manually.



<No View Available>

Output



Reference

- <https://www.javatpoint.com/java-swing>
- <https://examples.javacodegeeks.com/desktop-java/ide/intellij-gui-designer-example/>
- <https://netbeans.org/kb/docs/java/quickstart-gui.html>